

## **Stanford V vs ABVD for Advanced Hodgkin's Disease QA Programme**

### **3D OUTLINING EXERCISE: CASE HISTORY**

This 28-year-old lady presented with a three-month history of a lump in the right axilla, which on excision biopsy was nodular sclerosing, Hodgkin's lymphoma. The CT staging scan confirmed bilateral supraclavicular fossa nodes, extensive upper mediastinal disease, para-tracheal nodes, abdominal nodes and pelvic nodes.

The dimensions of the node removed was 10 x 7 x 4cm and the largest mediastinal mass was 7cm. The abdominal and pelvic lymph nodes were no more than 3cm in size. She had associated B symptoms and therefore had stage IIIB Hodgkin's lymphoma.

She started treatment with the Stanford V chemotherapy schedule. At completion of 12 weeks of chemotherapy the follow up CT scan (included in the CD-ROM) showed soft tissue thickening in the left supraclavicular fossa consistent with residual nodal disease and also in the anterior mediastinum from the level of the aortic arch to the aortic root. Soft tissue thickening was also seen in the pre-tracheal, pre-carinal, sub-carinal and right hilar regions. There were no abnormalities seen below the diaphragm.

She proceeded to involved field radiotherapy.